

Appendix 6

Extract From ESFA

26. How are the Indices of Deprivation 2019 different to the Indices of Deprivation 2015?

The IoD2019 has been produced using the same approach, structure and methodology used to create the previous Indices of Deprivation 2015 (and the 2010, 2007 and 2004 versions).

The Indices of Deprivation are typically updated every 3 to 4 years, but the dates of publication for future Indices have not yet been scheduled.

A number of changes and modifications to some indicators have been implemented since the Indices of Deprivation 2015. Briefly, these include:

- The inclusion of adults and children in Universal Credit families where no adult is in 'Working -no requirements' conditionality regime as part of the Income Deprivation domain
- The inclusion of claimants of Universal Credit in the 'Searching for work' and 'No work requirements' conditionality groups as part of the Employment Deprivation domain
- Changes to data and definitions of the Key Stage 2 attainment indicator, which forms part of the Education, Skills and Training Deprivation domain
- Data on claimants of Universal Credit (in the 'No work requirements' or the 'Preparing for work' conditionality categories) and Personal Independence Payments have been incorporated into the comparative illness and disability ratio indicator, which forms part of the Health Deprivation and Disability domain
- The health benefits component of the mood and anxiety disorders indicator, which feeds into the Health Deprivation and Disability domain, has been dropped
- Changes to data and definitions around the Crime Domain indicators
- Modifications to the housing affordability and homelessness indicators, which feed in to the Barriers to Housing and Services domain.

You can see a full description of changes since the Indices of Deprivation 2015 in Appendix C of the Technical Report, available here:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/english-indices-of-deprivation-2019-technical-report>